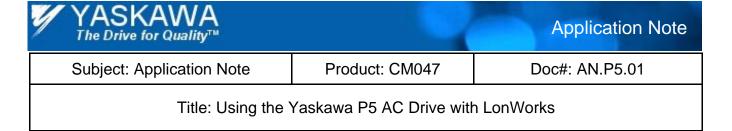


Application Note

Using the Yaskawa P5 AC Drive with LonWorks

Applicable Product:

CM047



INTRODUCTION

The following document deals with the issue of a P5+ (GPD506) drive, connected to a LonWorks network and powered up with terminal **S1** closed.

INTENDED AUDIENCE

This document assumes that the reader is familiar with Yaskawa P5/P5+ AC drives and LonWorks.

OVERVIEW OF ISSUE

- The LonWorks option, CM047, is compatible with both the P5 (GPD505) and P5+(GPD506) drives. During the power up sequence, the LonWorks option checks to see which drive it is connected to by querying an internal drive register. If the register has the most significant bit (msb) set to 1, the option recognizes the drive as a P5+ drive. If the register has the most significant bit (msb) set to 0, the option recognizes the drive as a P5 drive.
- Parameter n002 controls the source of the run command. If n002 is set to 6, 7 or 8, the run command will come from the LonWorks controller. If parameter n002 is set to 1, 3 or 5, the run command will come from the drive terminals.
- With parameter **n002** set to 1, 3 or 5 and terminal **S1** closed, the drive powers up in run mode. The P5/P5+ register gueried by the LonWorks option is inaccessable while the drive is in the run mode.
- If the P5/P5+ register is inaccessible, the LonWorks option, by default, determines that it is connected to a P5 instead of a P5+. Since the parameter addressing between the two drive types is slightly different, this causes invalid data to be passed through LonWorks to the controller.

HOW TO CHECK FOR A P5+ DRIVE

- Examine the contents of **nvoDriveStatus**. If the msb is set, the the drive is a P5+ (GPD506) drive.
- **nvoDriveStatus** = [#,#,#,#,#,#,#,#,#,#,#,#,#,0] the drive is a P5
- **nvoDriveStatus** = [#,#,#,#,#,#,#,#,#,#,#,#,#,1] the drive is a P5+

WORK AROUND FOR LONWORKS CONTROL

- Work Around #1 LonWorks Control
 - The main work around is to handle the run command directly through the LonWorks controller. Program n002 to 6, 7 or 8 to control the drive run command via the LonWorks controller.
 - If the application dictates that the run command must come from the drive terminals, then another work around must be used.

n002 =	SEQ	REF
6	COM	COM
7	COM	OPR
8	COM	TRM

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WORK AROUNDS FOR 2-WIRE RESET

2-Wire control uses a "maintained" switch or relay contact as the run input. It is used on applications where it is desirable to have the drive restart on restoration of power. It should not be used where safety of attending personnel might be threatened by a restart. This method is generally restricted to unattended fans and pumps, or where another controller is entrusted with the restart decision.

With 2-Wire control terminal S1 becomes the Run Forward command and terminal S2 becomes the Run Reverse command. In this case, the drive will power up with run active if either terminal S1 or S2 is closed at that time.

Work Around #2 -- S1 Becomes A Safety Interlock

- o Program n002 to 6, 7 or 8 to control the drive run command via the LonWorks controller.
- O Program n040, terminal S6, to 21, PID I Disable. Terminal S1 then becomes a safety interlock. When S1 is closed and the drive receives a run command, the drive will run. The drive will Stop whenever either S1 opens or it receives a Stop command via the LonWorks controller. Note: only terminal S6, n040, can be programmed to 21 and cause S1 to become a safety interlock.
- The run command source is the LonWorks controller.

n002 =	SEQ	REF
6	COM	COM
7	COM	OPR
8	COM	TRM

Work Around #3 -- Run/Stop Must be Hard Wired

- Program n002 to 1, 3 or 5. The run command will be controlled through the drive terminals. If either \$1 or \$2 is closed during power up, the drive will be in the run mode prior to the LonWorks option determining whether it is connected to a P5 or a P5+. This will result in the drive being determined as a P5 drive.
- Move the run FWD connection from terminal S1 and connect it to an unused multi-function output, either terminal MA or terminal M1.
- Connect the other side of the selected multi-function output to S1. If MA is used, connect MC to S1. If M1 is used, connect M2 to S1.
- o If reverse is required, remove the reverse run connection from terminal **S2** and connect it to another unused multi-function output.
- Connect the open terminal of the selected multi-function output to S2. If MA is used, connect MC to S2. If M1 is used, connect M2 to S2.
- Program the necessary multi-function outputs to 11, Timer Function. Parameter n041=11 for MA-MC and n042=11 for M1-M2.
- o Program **n080**, On-Delay Timer, to a value greater than 2.0 seconds.
- Connect one of the unused multi-function input terminals, S4, S5 or S6, to terminal SC.
- o Program the parameter of that particular multi-function input (n038 to n040) to 22, Timer Function.
- This will cause a two second delay in the run command after a power up. Giving the LonWorks option enough time to correctly determine whether the drive is a P5 (GPD505) drive or a P5+ (GPD506) drive.

n002 =	SEQ	REF
1	TRM	OPR
3	TRM	TRM
5	TRM	COM



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WORK AROUNDS FOR 3-WIRE RESET

3-wire control utilizes "momentary" buttons or switches. This control scheme emulates the traditional 3-wire motor starter control. If **S2** is closed, momentary closure of **S1** latches the drive in the run mode. A momentary opening of **S2** unlatches run mode bringing the drive to a stop. The 3-wire sequence is used where it would be dangerous for the drive to restart after a power outage.

With 3-Wire control terminal **S1** becomes the **run** command and terminal **S2** becomes the **normally closed stop** command. In this case, the drive will power up with Run active if terminal **S2** is closed and terminal **S1** is closed momentarily during that time. The run direction is determined by the state of terminal **S3**.

Work Around #4 -- S1 Becomes A Safety Interlock

- o This method is not available to a 3-wire reset.
- o In 3-wire control, terminal S1 is a momentary run input. Terminal S2 is a N.C. Stop input and is considered the safety interlock. If S2 is closed and S1 is closed momentarily, the run command is latched inside the drive through Terminal S2. The drive will stop whenever S2 opens regardless of the state of S1.

Work Around #5 -- Run/Stop Must be Hard Wired

- Program n002 to 1, 3 or 5. The run command will be controlled through the drive terminals. If terminals S1 and S2 are closed during power up, the drive will be in the run mode prior to the LonWorks option determining whether it is connected to a P5 or a P5+. This will result in the drive being determined as a P5 drive.
- o Remove the run forward connection from terminal **S1** and connect it to an unused multi-function output, either terminal **MA** or terminal **M1**.
- Connect the other side of the selected multi-function output to S1. If MA is used, connect MC to S1. If M1 is used, connect M2 to S1.
- Program the necessary multi-function output M1-M2 or MA-MC to 11, Timer Function. Parameter n041=11 for MA-MC and n042=11 for M1-M2.
- Program n080, On-Delay Timer, to a value greater than 2.0 seconds.
- o Connect one of the free multi-function inputs, terminals S4, S5 or S6, to terminal SC.
- o Program the parameter of that particular multi-function input (n038 to n040) to 22, Timer Function.
- This will cause a two second delay in the run command after a power up. Giving the LonWorks option enough time to correctly determine whether the drive is a P5 (GPD505) drive or a P5+ (GPD506) drive.

n002 =	SEQ	REF
1	TRM	OPR
3	TRM	TRM
5	TRM	COM

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